

Katz on Orpheus

Contact w/ blacks & not Indians

sentimental vs realistic modes

- 111 Blacks in work of other poets: immigrants encounter the Other
vs L, who presents life of Negro with apparent ref. to himself,
unmediated

[Degree of connection bet black subj. + author/poet
effacement - his intention?]

channeling, replicating, recasting, retelling
linguistic transmigration (SicPo), translation
blackface, minstrelsy, mimicry

Key question of change, esp. re christology, but also register + diction

Motives: 1) empathy, fascination, admiration, etc.

- 2) contribution to Heb lit, to public of letters
donation as complex act which involves recognition +
acknowledgement, assumption of need

Acknowledgment of America in Heb purview

- 114 Compared an if ^{from} within Black culture - Ezra is the exception that proves
the rule

Interim Renaissance in decade after WWI

1941-51 period of disciplined collecting + gathering + composing

אָמֵן יְהִי רָצֶן appeared in 1927-28 in impetus to continue

Crescent City = New Orleans - resident there 1918-62

strong bonds w/ b. comm.

- * 115 Bond is both national + personal - in addition to the sufferings of
the Jewish people - identification with suffering on a personal basis
[extension of the lyric moment of privation + loneliness - self-myth
of loss + travail + close identification [but not evident in Ezra]]

- 115 Social stigma + subjugation - low status of fathers & grandfathers
leaving - Gibonites (fathers) scar
- 116 Stylistic liberation - assuming another voice, even if still non-colloquial, permit greater expressivity & less encumbered style
from lyric, or Indian or historicographical
- * 117 end of Northern life: fire on Battleground of new life - struggle of DuBois
Negroes & Jews - tragic + sublime drama
- 118 Katz's critique of failure of critics to go beyond paraphrasing L's
own introduction - too easy - all spirituals, etc.
- * [two (contrasting?) accounts: intro + Ezra] inductively
- 119 complex question of ~~genre~~ genre (by content or by style) made into
reference to established canon + the anthologizing + recording work
done in Harlem R. literary activity (spirituals vs. gospel, eq.)
train song, work song, many
- 120-22 comparison of L + train song
- 122 Dimension of performance as L's Achilles heel
- 127 outrage, anger more moderated + conciliatory than camp poetry by
Langston Hughes, Claude McKay, J. W. Johnson, Countee Cullen
see '21-22 SIC nine ptk (24-26) Starting A. Brown
- Nineteenth Century Sermons,
genre: poems inspired by black sermons, not hymns or folksongs
- 128 Leching: spiritual presentations, response of audience, direct
- 130 Note on published sermons inverse as ^{Protestant} Protestant genre
- * 133 re lesen son's: severe judgment of language.

9 intersection: free-wheeling expansions and adaptations of bib events in black sermons with the familiar methods of midrash

3 song sermons

contemporizing - making bib events real & actual

→ emphasis on sin, weakness, backsliding

[But individual rather than collective, as in OT]

- 131 + fusing of 2 cultural tradition on the page in a way L presumably desired to take place in life/reality

[more than the aspiration to contribute to Heb lit, esp in -lishuv; desire to accomplish FOR HIMSELF, OTHER AM J. HEB; a kind of transcendence, confluence w/in a textual space, safe, controlled - race change or immersion]

All four L to be both Am J poet & Black preacher

+ maskilic preaching toward justice, ethical teaching

Remain 5 are testimonies, last 3 by single voice

- 133 Re 1st son '>: severe judgment of L's language: obscene, intellectualized & impudent → comprehension nearly impossible

[not true of the sermons + Ezra monologue]

- 134 Re 1st son op'nk in response

Although no explicit Jewish communal reference, assumption of common diasporic experience

- 135 L is striving to not just to understand the Other but to become the Other - leaving no identifying traces of his own identity

[how much dialogue to Ezra is a key or exception]

Romantic mode his choice vs realistic treatments