

① 1878/1881

## Ansky's Memoirs

left Vitebsk for Lyozne at age 17

beginning of 1881

cf to Yekaterinburg

⑩ Impact of pogroms: intensified piety

called for communal fast

rabbis called for uprooting apostasy from their midst

② Antokolsky (in Paris)

③ Fauteur

⑤ Lavrov - esp. his death bed

⑥ Clemanceau

\*⑦ A Christian as Jew. Martyr 1881-9

Nikolai Ivanovich Blinov

Ansky and he starred in amateur production of Čirikov's The Jews

Ansky as Leyzer, Blinov as Christian student Berezin who dies protecting Leyzer's family in the pogrom

→ fulfilled his role in Zhitomir pogrom!

(10) Sweet Recollections : Union of the Russian People (1905) 143-8

1909-1911 Ansky did lecture circuit

how the local Berditshev unit sold its clubhouse to ... as a sign  
of their total ineffectiveness

(11) Mendele 175-186

his cowardice : afraid of every goy  $\longleftrightarrow$  Feretz's pride

how 216 2<sup>o</sup>'s is far less compelling than 2000 2<sup>o</sup>'s  
sees him as a rev. spirit nonetheless

(12) Zhitlovsky (testimonial speech, 1912) 187-198

how they buried knives in their secret playing ground to use for self-defense

6.7.2020 8860/160 8/2 : 8860/160  
bottoms bookish sensibility

163NEK

Signal to Petz's Moshe, except now from Ashmedai's perspective; maskilic agenda,  
hell only reduced to 2 conventions so as to highlight human folly

"folklore" = (1) talmudic legend (2) common superstition

overwhelmingly Heklerized style; pseudo folk narrator 2-12 Petz only mixes analogies  
"innocently" uses realiz of tram life to describe the underworld (43)

In this the first lit attempt to recreate hell from the outside?

### ① Ashmedai in his Tower

- proclifial, sh'tell perspective פָּתַח פֹּה כְּלֵבֶן פֹּה כְּלֵבֶן
- writer = hasid (6); hates maskilim (9) very pious (10)
- realia: תְּרֵן, בְּנֵי, scorpions of the desert, Nimrod's cup

### ② Ashmedai / Michael

- naive cf. reveals maskilic (10)
- Michael bored w/drinking שְׁמַרְמָרָה ; ecstatic over bromstone
- complaints about fallen state of human (14-15) today's וְיַם went really

(Osherk)

1904 pins per month

- ① 2 Habsburg melamdim: study in contrast
- older men totally decrepit & silent; younger 1 on top of all "political" developments
  - Ansky mimics their 1-way conversation; funny punchline: whatever I say, he contradicts me!

② Story of Isser, R. Efrem's star pupil. From Volozhin to medical school & back. Failed attempt to win him back. Azrik-Henekh feeds him the good news (concern for Jew. institutions, soldiers) and the bad (piracy, paintings)

③ Return of Isser's son from gymnasium. Azrik-Henekh engages him in debate. Isser son brings of "their" cultural, scientific advances.

New tactic: they are bringing a new moral order. At this, R. Efrem finally backs. This is our territory !!

Ansky

1917 1/12

bq w/ slugs of <sup>1/2</sup> v/lk instead of the black one

sets up main conflict between mother-daughter-maid - and absent father

- extremely neg. attitude to Ivan the boy

- maid is the one to remind her mistress to go to Milke

-(12) how Khne "rescued" Leyblke from death - folklore element

13-17 her simple piety (very overstated); exaggerated respect for learning

18 FI return of Borach (= Ansky's absentee father)

21-21' or GORCHIS: returns depressed; brings very little \$ w/ him

21 no sooner did he arrive than the women wished him gone.

- grandmother's iron discipline w/ Leyblke

(25) Khne's secret wounds = eldest dies of TB; youngest in prison

26) her rebellious spirit: I would have demanded my full salary

27) Leyblke's return from heder beaten to a pulp

Shibes: Leyblke can't sit down; father furious; corporal punishment in heder

32 Grandmother is pitiless: I've seen plenty of beaten asses in my lifetime.

Khne rocks him to sleep w/ macaronic lullabye

33 love of Borach/Milke expressed thru SEI; try to get '12-13 to set a

## Samovar

- chap. 7 : portrait of melamed : friend son of boys playing w/ gentile boys & girls  
chap. 8 Khane's revolt: Leybke won't be sent back to that <sup>town</sup>  
chap. 9 : two enemy camps: kitchen vs rest of the house; Leybke's clandestine love of  
the cat  
chap. 10 conflict w/ Khane comes to a head; order her fired  
chap. 11 : enter usurper Reb Akiva ... who will be able to argue him into postponement  
if not Khane ...

(1892) 5/12/13 513

- ① Another AB hook. Ca 1883, far from home & his "fanatical" parents. Giving lectures & starving. Anatomy of hunger. Can't ask credit from the grocery because she suspects I'm a Jew. Landlady doesn't because she curses Jews in his presence. Ruse fails to get bread. Another battle: to get food (75). Refuses to schmear from his distant relatives because there's no going back.
- ② Alyosha Rogov - spoiled member of their group. Arrives there at meal time but lies about his hunger. Melzin the free-loader. Gets 20 kopeks on loan.
- ③ Meets Isakov in street who needs \$ for whole family dying of typhus.
- ④ Runs off to get Dr. Rogov, who asks why he doesn't concern himself w/o other Jews (84). Has an attack of stomach cramps. Dr. Rogov puts sick call.
- ⑤ Anushka Pavlov. Can't admit his hunger to her either because all the provision must go for the sick children. Narrator on his last legs.
- ⑥ Run in w/ Melzin who's riding high. Narrator furious. Now in semi-delirious state; remembers his dead mother; scenes of early childhood. Physical hunger → emotional one for family & love.
- ⑦ Next morning runs off to library where he's overcome w/ hunger cramps. Meets Isakov on way to Dr. Rogov. Cannot comprehend extent of narrator's hunger.

⑧ Wakes up in his aunt's home Saturday night. Calls him ~~foole~~. Suddenly embarrassed before his friends that they heard his aunt's ~~dirty~~ <sup>dirty</sup> ~~it~~ <sup>it</sup> ~~get~~ → reconciliation  
another study in Jav. self-hate

revision "v 3

AB book: narrator interviews a 90-yr-old former Cossack - spoke idiomatic Russian. No resemblance to a Jew whatsoever

This life story: martyrdom of the children; torture. 2 stand out: Avrom who is 1st to convert and Mendel. The latter influences Avrom to renounce the cross → dies of his wounds. Mendel kills himself after fleeing peasant family twice. Narrator - Bersha Falk & 12 others hold out until a general amnesty lets them. Their 1st public Yom Kippur. Their K'tt inspired by Mendel. View the general as Eliyahu Hanavi. Take wives from among the Jew. wrestlers. See photo of Falk's grandson in St. Petersburg

\* later: at home of philo-Semitic Duma member. Melnikov's fake conversion via Finland gets him admitted, but now he's thrown out  
those who suffer for their fidelity vs. those who suffer from it  
neither Melnikov nor the lawyer can see the diff.

(1910) 7-38'5

## Study in self-hate

- ① 25-yr-old bon vivant in small town; ladies' man; specializes in anti-Semitic jokes; only problem: he's really a Jew
- ② Friendship w/ ispravnik who loved him for his generosity & his jokes; only the mother-in-law wouldn't tolerate his self-hate: why don't you convert?
- ③ his dental practice: Jew. "intelligentsia" was flattered to go to him → feeling claustrophobic
- ④ Ispravnik promoted to provincial capital: urges him to seek recommendation to a bank
- ⑤ Lieutenant Anatsasyev: how they drink together; hateful of him, too fed on his dirty jokes & had a filthy mind
- ⑥ Audience w/ Anatsasyev: very tense. Are you sure you won't steal? Reminds him that most bank directors are Jews; enjry to hear him use the word zhid
- ⑦ At 1st received warmly by bank director; then rejected because of his Jewishness! Swears zhid upon leaving

2/16 recd '7 - NYU

19 spells out ideology of the "chronicle"

- Hassidish: essentially destructive, looking 2 new & creation, threatened the very existence of Judaism, of the people, & left in its wake 2 broken gen.
- yet the eastotic idealism was something to behold!

(4) Breakup of the Vitebsk Yeshiva: caught in the net, the whole yeshiva is disbanded; Itzikovitsh left high & dry

How he goes from house to house trying to get students; Khane-Laya the innkeeper acts as his press agent

(88) loops for the spirited discussions among his friends

(103) hilarious love affair; the girl who has to write Russian love letters to his bride: she wants a romance even tho the marriage was arranged (105-107)

(123) tells foul lies about his leaving the yeshiva

(125-28) male conversation; swapping jokes about czars, maskilim

(128-29) another joke - about conversion

The Priest tries to brainwash him = analogy to Iser & Co (142)

Esther-Droshe way-lays him in the forest

(20) How the Rabbi wins him over → breaks down

(21) Purification Ritual - mikve + book burning + hair cropping 172

mutual recrimination among the housewives  
then his discarded when Rabbi discovers his talmudic friings  
crisis precipitated by defection of young Elie & letter from erstwhile comrade  
→ converts makes good the threat at the end of "Behind a Mask"

(1912) 5/7 NL:12 b

- ① Strong AB hook : on a train in Russia, meets an old political rival from Switzerland; nostalgic for the Good Ol' Days; notices that Moysha Zilberzvayg (alias Afanasi) is more Jewishly oriented; reminisce about mutual friend who converted → another passenger interjects a story about conversion business in Moscow in 1890s → reminds Zilberzvayg of another incident of how a Christian refused to convert.
- ② Bern : Anatolia Stefnovka, devoted to the Party. Central Committee sends her / Afanasi back to Russia → bolster the St. Petersburg cell → forged passes: he a peasant, she - a Jew. Her endless running w/ police
- ③ Solution: she should convert → refuses to do so  
Bunch-line: 5/7 NL:12 b

(1) 885872 - PN'3 3

1. Eiserman's arrival in M. - 1st exposure to the city - mistakes the Jews for gentiles (9)
2. Visit to the book store - buys 10.11 NLRN for high price because copies had been burned (15)  
Owner steers him towards Koplner - פִּזְרֶן אַבְּנָה (17)
3. Walks over by 2 gymnasium students - Eiserman just took up being a smithy (20)  
Eiserman wishes to change his physical appearance (22)
4. Sees a boulvard for 1st time - meets Uller swaying ecstatically over Pisarev - boasts that  
יְהִי־סֵפֶר is even more esoteric (25) תְּהִלָּה סֵפֶר - תְּהִלָּה יְהִי־סֵפֶר : use yeshiva  
terminology of textual mastery (26-27) he /Eiserman speaks in Jew. code (28)  
Koplner offers him free Russian lesson
5. Uller in praise of the yeshiva (30) - tells conspiratorial code - Russified students vs.  
former yeshiva students (32) - both fans of 10.11 NLRN - plan to sell his פִּזְרֶן
6. Mirkin → suggests he read Levinsohn - decides to let him in on writing session
7. Sheinburg's satire on town money-lender פִּזְרֶן־הַרְבָּה - heavy irony - Mirkin & he dismiss  
Pushkin for not being useful (73) - Sheinburg Hls. Haskalah = measure of true excellence  
Mirkin cfs. Pisarev to Levinsohn - Sheinburg leads double life Sheinburg
8. Eiserman in praise of the pen & of clandestine works - turns out he was writing about  
his own family!
9. The צְבָע וְיָמָן - Uller sings Sanya's praises - loves her w/true "ideal love"

Eisermann hasn't a clue what he's talking about - Uller defines Ideal Love (50) - tells Sonya's story - urges Eisermann to keep the munk or; cannot live in the open as a married Uller's fond memories of the yeshiva (55)

10. In shul - sees Shcheglov in his pious role - Uller cursed in the market place, accused of being an informer - very upset by this
11. The Gfp N 28 on edge of town (58-59): Zaporin ~~tiny~~ binding a book; 2 teen-age yeshiva-butchers; Kornblat the obsessive Latin student, Fryeritch on the couch reading Buckle
12. Fryeritch explains how he mastered Russian on his own - no grammar needed!  
Broke his teeth on Bialinsky - loved its incomprehensibility = *Люди сидят на холме и*  
Uller breaks up his Russian reading w/ Zahar; Fryeritch quotes Nekrasov in  
praise of physical labor; # ethic: won't take Eisermann's \$ but will borrow against it
13. Ritual of eating treyf - Hillel arrives - yeshiva-butchers refuse to eat treyf  
... CP: G21/SR Pskov 1/1, G21/SR 2/1 7-83
14. Milkman arrives - Hillel hands him Sonya's missive - Hillel's strict code of behavior  
don't show your hand in presence of strangers (74) - doesn't trust Eisermann  
Mock ritual of cutting off Eisermann's peyos (75-76)
- 15/16/17 to "marry" Sonya
- 17 Eisermann cannot grasp principle of physical labor - his 1st Russian lesson w/  
Kaplner

(2) 5/28/22 - JN'13 3

18. Eisenman accompanies Mirkin & Hillel to the Synagogue - the SYNAGOGUE - Mirkin sympathetic to Eisenman's disappointment - agrees to teach him as well - how he & Hillel worked over the entire Synagogue

19. Mirkin's lesson in the shul - begins w/ Lomonosov - try to win over the NEW Menah  
Mirkin swears to Eisenman that he'll break him in

20. Eisenman gets a room of his own : Sacred oath / צדקה היא פה רון ג'ן (107)  
Gaverman : swears he'll never go home again ; takes up physical labor ; how his mother pleads her case ; NT describes their rebelliousness exactly (108) ; mother's moving response  
Mirkin moved by her ; Gaverman proclaims his freedom

21. Plan to rescue Sonia ; Mirkin questions Gaverman's action - portrait of G's mother (112)

22. Gaverman's mother arrives thinking he tried to convert → breaks down : Mirkin long conversation w/ her : he enunciates his credo & she enunciates hers (119) she first picks this up  
? נפל מילך רם ו- ינשיך נס (120) מילך רם ו- ינשיך נס, מילך רם  
Code of non-interference

23. Mothers/sus <QUOTE 121> - enter Gnesina, his former tutee ; debate on Dostoevsky in Koplner's house - anti-aesthetic bias of Pisarev - Karl Fockte's Physiological Letters stand above Pushkin - Meyerov announces that he still believes in God (129)

(2) 5/22/22 - JN'13 3

18. Eiserman accompanies Mirkin & Hillel to the Synagogue - the Synagogue - Mirkin sympathetic to Eiserman's disappointment - agrees to teach him as well - how he & Hillel worked over the entire Synagogue

19. Mirkin's lesson in the shul - begins w/ Lomonosov - try to win over the Synagogue Mendel Mirkin swears to Eiserman that he'll break him in

20. Eiserman gets a room of his own : Sacred oath (201) & he will do it (107)  
Geverman : swears he'll never go home again ; takes up physical labor ; how his mother pleads her case ; NT describes their rebelliousness exactly (108) ; mother's moving response  
Mirkin moved by her ; Geverman proclaims his freedom

21. Plan to rescue Sonia ; Mirkin questions Geverman's action - portrait of G's mother (112)

22. Geverman's mother arrives thinking he tried to convert → breaks down : Mirkin long conversation w/ her : he enunciates his credo & she enunciates hers (119) she will give this over  
? not like (115) & v. Mirke is (122) is the York (123) is still, will not  
Code of non-interference

23. Mothers / sons (QUOTE 121) - enter Gnesina, his former tutee ; debate on Dostoevsky in Koplner's house - anti-aesthetic bias of Pisarev - Karl Fockte's Physiological Letters stand above Pushkin - Meyerov announces that he still believes in God (129)

(3) 55872 - PN-3

35. Mirkin at Olgz's house - ostensibly on business; rejects her advances (197) → tries to stifle his inner turmoil; in shul: Mezmid Mendel at first captures him w/ melancholy chant → tournament of pilpul: Mirkin wins
36. Young muskimon visit results in great excitement, esp. Ziperin; Sonia's escape the Olgz takes over the reins of the operation: Sonia & Mirkin in mutual bond
37. Sonia's father bursts in; the fight w/ Uller: defines it as class warfare  
(210) וְעַל־יָד־ךְ יְמִינְךְ פֵּסֶס־מִזְרָחְךְ תְּהִלָּתְךְ
- Eiserman's mock-pious shabbath greetings Parody
38. Hasidic youngsters arrive at בְּגִיאָה: Government admits his capitulation: returned home → mother; whole town in uproar; Kevash has nihilist novel in his possession discusses Ruskiy Vestnik.
39. Counterculture: songs, recitation; 1st Yiddish, then Russian (218-19) their humor 2 circles: gymnasium students w/ their jokes; ex-yeshiva students w/ their Uller's tour-de-force w/ Pisarev 220-25 Prodigy sermon
40. Ziperin returns from train station
41. Mirkin & Eiserman remain; Mirkin sings וְעַל־יָד־ךְ  
Ansky puts into Mirkin's thoughts a glowing evaluation of the Hassidim  
Eiserman tells him story of Fzikovitch → Mirkin decides to take up the challenge

42. Merlin suppresses his desire for Alg<sub>2</sub> → will leave for Milwaukee

(4) 1857/2 - 18N'13 '3 - 15/14 '3

- draws sharp distinction between Russified youth & former yeshiva students
- echo in ability of latter to master foreign culture on their own terms (cho 12-13) & their elaborate rituals of heresy; keeps the tension of being between 2 live
- Eliezer depersonalized because (1) he didn't attend yeshiva (2) is too ready to change
- one conversion experience after another : working the SWAN to join their Russian course: taking up physical work; 2 room of one's own; principle of total freedom of choice 119-20
- Mirkin gradually emerges as the moral center (112); but also a provincial (130)
- Another portrait of a fidiusha man - Geverman's mother (106-120)

יה רכו נרxe יס 115 דוסטַבְּרַסְטָקְיַה פָּנָס, כָּפְּמִיכָּא גַּמְלֵג, גַּגְוֶלְגָּדְלָה אֲנָן, אַסְכִּינְתָּן...  
(121). אַסְכִּינְתָּן אַסְכִּינְתָּן

### 23 You Are What You Read: Dostoevsky vs. Mikhailov

Their double standard vis-à-vis WOMEN 156-57

Zhitkovsky (265) claims that Geverman is Anatoly's self-portrait - the real Anatoly hated the Old World even more extremely; he was a spoke radical protest

## Ansky & Jewish Reading Habits/Literacy

How far to stretch the analogy w/ peasants?

Jewish literacy is 2 given. Pioneers<sup>1</sup>:  $\frac{1}{2}$  the towns daughters willing to hire Itzikovitch as Russian tutor.

Value of Tel Aviv curriculum: Itzikovitch reveals his limitations to the kabbalists - hardly self-sufficient in Tel Aviv; Pioneers<sup>2</sup> central character Iment that Eliezer never attended a yeshiva (find exact quote); how an ilui could master Pisarov's sheer will-power. Would return to esoteric Kabbalah as well. Their pilpul over Russian thinkers identical to studyhouse debate  
(Pioneers could be profitably mined by any social historian)

Dostoevsky dispensed by majority; here believes that Lilienblum tops them all. What truck would these young men have w/ folklore? Tel Aviv is what keeps them from thinking & acting like Jews.

The one who is ready to convert: check his level of Tel Avivic learning.

The Russified students are written off completely - that's why Lilienblum looms so large. Could the glorification of Kabbalah have come via Peretz?

(Zeitlin recognized the Metropolitan Rebbe's crisis-of-faith as deriving from 3 re/turns)  
(discovery of Reb. Nizhman) - Tsedik as mediator.

Ansky's utopian program of 1919 only allowed for traditional studies as options & at parents' own expense

Radical politics were a way of recapturing the excitement of Vitelsle, the 1st flush of discovery; whoever was reminded of Pioneers when he came upon Ansky's hammering act & new utopian platform was right on target.

Shatzky hyper-critical of Ansky's ethical basis - blindly applied from Russia → Jew. folklore

∴ Dylnak draws heavily from literary sources: Song of Songs, Nehama, Zohar

must explain his earlier plays

## Moskil - as - Archetype

### 1. Haskelech discredited

Perez: how to say 600 in 7 languages; pathetic moskil in 1832 yrs

Mendele: pathetic moskil peddling his wares in Fiddler; Herslale's return

SA: reinventing himself as traditional storyteller

not to speak of Smolenskin's full scale attack on moskilem as purveyors of self-hate

### 2. Ansky now writing his own idealized AB = in 4 versions!

1900 10/11/1861 - 2 versions

June 1909 ~~year~~ to 1861 - year of his jubilee (must have been a catalyst)

1904 Pioneers (dated 1903 in Col cor)

- how it differs from his true story: never severed relations w/home

### 3. Why now?

a) Based on his years as Nodnik - that dream still glorified

returned to the fold as ~~1836~~ 1836 - that's how he was known

b) now reads that back as a Jewish archetype.

c) still believes in intelligentsia hoping to conquer - lecture tour

d) finally vindicated in Ethnographic Expedition → WW I!

e) he becomes the new bridging <sup>mystical</sup> knowledge & life experience

4. Brilliantly exploited as plot device  
Mendl Turk (1902 or earlier)

(as Nussbaum)  
1909 speech repudiates the 16 yrs. but rejecting the modernist thrust, the validity of  
that experience as archetypal of Jewish history in Russia. Still sees himself  
as engaged in doing now except the folk.  
but in that other AB statement admits that it was the Russian experience that enabled  
him to realize his Jewishness

Ansky - Bio

per 0.70.-/11 .2 fra 3/15.87 H: nærr til 15 feb 21  
V/17.6.17

Postcard written from Osvej, near Vitebsk

N'virj vita written in response to Lilienblum's death & to the Zionist

revisionist; trying to rehabilitate him as leader of entire cultural renaissance

- Zinberg's short bio in EM no. 1 : he himself caught reading Lilienblum; no mention of Osvej
- in Under a mask! hero now portrayed in neg. terms
- dates 16 yrs. from Luria's death 1900 → 1884
- EM 1910 No. 3 following Zinberg's report of the banquet: marks L's death as turning point of return
- pre - 1900: looking for eternal verities of folk behavior
- post - 1900: looking for dynamic principle, heroes, movers

Ansky : *Russian - Jewish* vols I-III

## I 310. old file - Старые устар.

Cyq5 - Kazakhstan 1908

ת. 1-17. מ-הנ' כ. 2

Mengul Typoic 1892 [1905]

ear Nov 1904

תְּפִילָה תְּפִלָּה כְּבָשָׂר כְּבָשָׂר  
בְּזַבְדָּקָה בְּזַבְדָּקָה

## Беседа - очерк 1904

Khuza 1910

Бумаги 1882 [1905]

B. M. MATHESON census 1896 [1905]

Пасынки 1881 = rev. version [1905]

Мышечек түки - folk legend 1909-verse

Agb 1909

1909

Há

Legend trans from D. Einhorn

ס' ג' י' י' ס' ג' ג' י' י' ס' ג' ג' י' י'

II Subtitle? - all 3 version in one volume!

# The First Bresch 1903 Repbar Spemb

Но гв. Маското 1909

כ. 3/1/85 |  
טירוף כ- 1000 מטרים (1910)

### III Разрушение озера

585722.1.3

Пионеры (1905) 3-232

55 6129.2

Толоумьев - очерк (1892) 233-59

55 6129.2

Федка - очерк (1910) 263-75

55 6129.2

Среди геодезистов Южных (1912) 279-306

55 6129.2

Anatay : Russia - fiddish (IV)

In the Vortex , Melotrom - dedicated to Boris Naumovich Sinani

Омечь и съиНь

В новом русе (1906)

Мертвъ вечертю (1904) sacrifice at night?

Из писемъ замечокъ

1. Позрѣніе въчера (1906)

2. Мумъ нечѣм (Jan 1908)

3. Новыя побѣги

Пасхальнаа мистерия (эскиз) 1910

1/14 досчёкъ  
ниж

1/14 рукошь

2/16 2/16

Sobranie sochinenii

Со стороны

Andrey : Russia - tales, h (vol. V)

"Омуръ" - ocherk from nature 1883-86 (V)

7/18 pk

За высокой стынкой - ocherk 1908 (V)

(1909) 3/14 v 222/223 266-7

[сигн.]

На торцах (Рассказ, 1892) V

"Свалища" - ocherk 1892 V

["Урбанизация?"  
Rit nos-[Annik]

Тоска 1886 V

[121>]

Домыб (1887) V

From his Diaries V Из памятной книжки

На Новые земли 1889 V 193-234

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Legends & Facts 1906 235-42

Поглощентное 1911 243-55

67-2856/18 '3

In Antokolski's Master House 1896, 1904 256-82

In Pasteur Institute 1899 283-95

From Foreign Meetings Из зарубежных встреч

E. I. Konrad 299-

P. L. Lavrov 1901

Барон 1909

1/9203

1883-86 7/Ve 1/k

## I. Hangover

1. The Abyss Tavern early in the morning - arrival of Aksenia, central character
2. Malke & Khanke; description of a sotek; Aksenia sells her kerchief for a drink
3. gallery of early morning drinkers; cook & mistress of someone
4. Akuline, beggar woman & her daughter Glashke; tries to steal w/ from her "sleeping" mother → fight
5. Glashke sniffs mother drink from Khanke & shares it w/ Aksenia
6. Kondrkevich tries to snuff a drink
7. Aksenia returns full of pep & brings Rosalka - treats her to a drink

## II Regulars

1. Leyb who despises tavern-keeping as mere women's work. Arrival of 1st Jew-drunk, Michl, followed by his angry wife → fight; Aksenia has a good laugh
2. Peasant woman sells Khanke stolen TV
3. Terrible fight between Glashke / mother over 8 kopecks
4. Stanislav sells sand, lords it over the women for not working  
dying of TB they provoke an attack & recoil from sight of blood

- Why Akdeniz?
- because she had been educated, is a fallen woman of much intelligence
- her moral positions are tenable, eg. anger at Antoin's mistress.

(2) JNE 1/6

Terrible fist fight between Stanislav & women ; Aksenia thrown unconscious

5. Stanislav cannot control his rage ; Aksenia revives, hysterical ; Khinke claims her w/ Russian say

6. Feodosia the Prince, Abramov - his high & mighty speech & manner.

His dog Hamlet ; flirts w/ Aksenia ; tries to force dog to drink

7. Beggarwoman Malashko ; Rosalka returns, dancing on the floor boards  
treats women to drinks

⑧ Lukian, artisan - Rosalka : he flirt & drink → leave together

### III Domestic Scenes

1. Mid-day - Aksenia returns to redeem her kerchiefs

2. Milkmaid, privileged beggar - beats the women w/ his crutch - forces  
Aksenia to drink w/ him ; enraged to him it now emerges

3. Horrible scene of Anton discovering his wife Praskovia & beating her

4. Leon redeems his boots - treats the women

5. Praskovia tells her story

6. Anton's mistrees comes to take her home ; Aksenia furious at her

7. Feodosia, Leon's wife arrives ; fights w/ Aksenia

8. Ivan, blind beggar, accompanied by Lukie who neglects her infant

9. Lork steals his \$!

13/1-5/6

1. Sore buying bread; Zelig forgives the debt; Sore's house full of starving children rents from shoemaker & Yekhne (109) ~~problems~~; Sore owes them 3 months rent
2. Narrator's ironic comment on their pedigree no papers; How Sore married Moyshe pgs 57-47A V - portrait of an apikoyes wonderful dialogue between 2 men
3. Moyshe - rehabilitated by Sore's love - scene of their intimacy (121) - another brilliant dialogue between Sore / mother-in-law; Moyshe forced to become an artist - spinner / digger; father-in-law worked him into it
4. Resolution in Moyshe's life: becoming a worker; the shame of it mitigated by spiritual rebirth (130) lengthy description of their work as diggers Khayim-Volf = most positive type; incipient revolutionaries (135 ff) - the accident - Berkin the Gvir: exploiter who is momentarily moved by sight of Moyshe on the tavern bench - Sore's arrival
5. Meanwhile, back home: horrible strife between Yekhne & Yankel the Shoemaker set off by non-payment of rent - Sore's children scream too to shout baby up Sore breaks the terrible news - will Berkin pay damages? Rivka - Head of di Tukerin (155-59)
6. Berkin's Home - Month later denouement/miracle

## Mendl Terk (1902)

1. Fictive AB setting: in a Lithuanian shtetl during Russo-Turkish War enters Mendl, the haughty Michael; jumping narrator for news on the war
2. Shows his naivete upon seeing narrators library; call Bezonofield tremendous respect for the ways of politics *מְלֹא כָּל־הָרֶבֶת בַּחֲדָשָׁה*
3. Portrait of a hen-pecked husband: comic routine until he "agrees" to drink tea discusses Mendl; believes that Ishmael will defect Esra to living on the Messianic
- ④ 4. Author's childhood reverie → bewitching hour *בָּרוּךְ יְהוָה* - storytelling
5. Debate in shul - brilliant dialogue: Mendl's hatred of Russia; enlists the gvir to prove Russian imperialism; diversity of views → Mendl blames them for the latest slaughter
6. Mendl's visit: wants 2 Turkish paper! His total alienation from Mother Russia
7. Pleine fills: silence in Mendl's heder; narrator hasn't the heart to tell him Michael locates the news instead; Mendl's halting knowledge of Russian; Mendl's mystical gloss on Turkish defeat *בְּסִירֵי אֶגְרָה וְבְּעַמְּקָמָה* provides proof in *פְּנֵי עַמְּקָמָה*; return to old *עַמְּקָמָה*

( 1910 ) २५०८ ८०

-written in Minsk for Erseitski Mir - AB hook

Visiting Koenigsberg - knows no one there - German-looking man interested in his Jewish paper - portrait of a German patriot - a jockey - freethinker who hasn't converted (but both his sisters have). Elderly Polish-Jew. father wants to return home; narrator's great pity

Visit father's home: shows off his library but very critical of narrator  
Narrator identifies himself as a writer on national problems

but father insists that traditional sources will prevail & shows him a German book Zurück zum Talmud as proof

Open-ended: Was he an old man or a prophet?

Ansky - Styliized FT

66-161 56455 113.454-11 11 èn 56265 113

- famous tale of how 2/3 anti-Jew. decrees were annulled by Aptor's hasidim acting at the royal court
  - highlights the comic discrepancy of Hasidim play-acting the Tsar

## Ecumenical Fantasy

178-169 1'3 - 700 m NNE 1

1. Sholem-Shklokhne Pohrebitshers war against Satan; hasidim "in those days" often looked & spoke gayish; rebbe, too, would exclaim Moi kocheni in moment of religious ecstasy
  2.  $\text{נ}.\text{ג}.\text{ט}$   $\text{נ}.\text{ג}.\text{ט}$  = off his my love (172) - how the "Cossacks" steal hens, then reimburse the peasants w/ a \$ whiskey  $\rightarrow$  brotherly love
  3. the crime: destroys a holy filter because he's reincarnation of Yerobam b. Nebat  
the verdict: can no longer be a Cossack. Priest is deeply moved.

Misnagdic:

10.  $\int_{132}^{..v3}$

1. Montefiore's quicksilver & wealth; lacks talmudic learning  
Jew. herism = sacrifice for the people      Fri. - 1/3 17/55 85) -> ON p's

2. Gershon - Tzahum's spiritual wealth; lacks ~~it~~  
brings him to England — happy end

f. I.J. Singer's use of the same motif of hasidim-as-losseks!

## Ansky - stylized FT

96-193 <sup>ר' לֵיבִיק וְסַבָּא בֶּן ר' זְלָקְשָׁיְנָן</sup> ;  
same story as in <sup>וְאַתָּה בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל</sup>; except that tsar tries to kill Montefer →  
cause of Crimean War

(1910) ילְאָסָרְנָא מְשָׁגָע = 217-199 (1906) לְאָסָרְנָא

1. storytelling in context: wedding of R. Leivick's youngest grandson → fierce debate w/ only hasid over their devotion to G-d p. 91
2. R. Itchele Monastirskiener (d. 1880); also ready to sacrifice himself for Dovid-ha-Zadek  
R. of Amchishlur appeals for help → delegation to Petersburg → they ~~were never consulted~~  
R. Itchele fainted dead away
3. Audience w/ Tsar; his terrible stare (210) → Jews cleared of guilt
4. Denouement: hasid unrepentant; proves he was really a hasid!

Afterword 213-17: Ansky's analysis, variants cf to Purim

234-223 לְאָסָרְנָא "v3

1. Reb Nakhmen Freydes: his generosity; becomes impoverished; still pays 4  
gulden for <sup>ר' זְלָקְשָׁיְנָן</sup> <sup>ר' זְלָקְשָׁיְנָן</sup>; outbid by parvenu; wife donates all her jewelry →  
sewn onto special <sup>ר' זְלָקְשָׁיְנָן</sup>
2. Brizeye di 86-enk dies trying to be buried along w/ her beloved shul.

binary oppositions      Montefiore vs. Tsar Nicholas  
                          "       vs. Talmudic scholar

rich      wise vs. poor one

hussid      vs. Cossack

rabbi      vs. Tsarist might

power of the spirit always victorious

## Analy - stylized PT

1. Begins w/ verse: Frag. Peretz tradition

אָמֵן וְאֶל-לֹא יִ-הְנַחֵת

2. רֹאשׁ-רֹאשׁ (1906) → later in Perezhitee; Purim paradigm

3. נַחֲנָה-יְהֻדָּה (1909) - not anthropomorphized

- fatal predictability of Jew's fate from destruction of Temple → today

- simple Jew's intimate relation w/ God → holds him up to trash

- Rebbe of Apt as intercessor: Louis R. Fuchs, נַחֲנָה לְעֵדוֹת רֹאשׁ-רֹאשׁ

נַחֲנָה (1943)

- God held accountable; ∴ decree of Hammurabi King is annulled

4. פְּרִיבְרָפְטָה (1916)

- differential impact of Expedition / WWI

- bleaker hist. scenario; sense of universal foreboding

- thicker Hasidic milieu: Mezhdish, social types, shul w/ thatched roof

- context of prayer; characters from Shirhei haRecht

- 2nd precedes סְרִבָּה / שְׂרָבָה

## Russian Journals

Russkaya mysль' (Russian Thought) - Moscow 1880 - 1918 , monthly

ed. S. A. Yuriev - populist

after 1905 shifted to right wing of Cadet

1910 - 1917 ed by Struve

Russkoe bogatstvo (Russian Wealth) - Petersburg monthly 1876 - 1918

populist in 1880s ;

AP50.R85

1882 - 92 ed by Obolensky, Tolstoi an

1890s : more populist under Mikhailovsky & Korolenko - printed mostly  
realist writers like Uspensky

1905 organ of pop. socialists

## Russian Populism / Venturi

1. Herzen's Affirmative Action - "the unpaid debt which weighs on the conscience of the privileged group towards the millions of workers of this generation and those of the past"  
- direct appeal to conscience of intelligentsia; recalled them to a sense of duty (1850)  
= ethical formulation of the political problem (1860)
  2. The Cause of the Book (1882-83)
    - a) spreading legally printed books to educate the masses - eg Das Kapital
    - b) pub. cheapbooks abroad & smuggling them into Russia - eg on Stenka Razin & Pugachov to awaken memories of revolt
  3. Kropotkin - Socialists must adopt the life of the peasants & the workers & merge with (1887)
  4. Bebel - expand def of Russian working class to include peasants, miners, industrial wage earners in large towns 1888
- 
1. Herzen - the essence of a just & equal society existed already in the Russian peasant commune = the obshchina, organized in the form of a collective unit called the mir VIII

Zeitlin on Ansky

49 נישן = Andreyev's The Life of a Man, "someone in gray" + ג'יה-ה'ו  
both voice of fate & moral voice, explains & justifies the harsh decree  
50 always followed the masses

praises his hasidic story נישן, נישן, נישן - where?  
tortuous argument at the עיינז' בוד' of the Hasidic leader in Vitebsk  
extraordinary attraction of philo. materialism - liberate humanity from spiritual dress  
Uspensky freight him to delve into soul of the peasantry  
Explaining his נישן

Sh. Rosenfeld - Bern 1904, Student Zionist circles there & then the pogroms 1905/6

Reisen - impact of reading Peretz 1901; then the pogroms of 1905

Zitron - conversion experience in Vilna - (1905) hearing men expound on  
נישן in besmedresh → swirled ~~at~~ a flood of memories

Moreskay locates this event in ג'יל-נ'ז'ז'

Zeitlin has trouble w/ Zitron's version - how close was Ansky to the <sup>סיניאס</sup> ג'יניאס in Vitebsk?

stories of this world / next

Zeitlin argues that he became truly ~~but~~ devout but was afraid to alienate  
his radical friends

L. tofe (in <sup>Tira</sup>)  
Wigebelin (in <sup>Leben</sup>) rewriting extraordinary scene of Ansky reading Kol nidre  
on a train

Zeitlin claims that unlike Peetz & other stylizers, Ansky identified w/ hassidic tales  
Proof: published the Miropoler Rebbe's tofe under his own name in Moment 1919, 227

trad. ft don't deal w/ erotic motif; exc for Sesha p. 122 which is prob.  
borrowed from non-Jew. sources. p. 123 has no such sin, repetitive, not w/ undergo  
love; also element of fear is lacking in hassidic tale  
critical of schematic portrait of the Tzaddik - real ones were much strange  
borrowed problematics of Peetz's p. 33-112 / 211A

Zhitlovsky or Anokay GS 15

- XVI - his main preoccupation & contribution: developing a new branch of social sciences, comparative sociopolitical folklore
- XVIII - living among peasants & salt miners he doesn't agitate; he <sup>to</sup> records them & engages them in discussion; records their folklore
- XIX his Ocherki narodnoy literatury is acclaimed only by Pipin  
too late to influence Russian rev. thought; too early as a theoretical position
- XX Paris years: feeding off earlier experiences & materials; studies life of French masses - through books because he's not able to travel.
- XXI planned a huge comp. study of Eurozim; French folklore to be pub. in German Academic Publishing House for Social Sciences where Zhit. served as an ed.  
- leaves for Switzerland after Lénine's death; helps found Agrarian Socialist League & joins SR Union; when Gershuni writes, joins the newly-founded party & heads its Law. Section
- XXIII once he discovered Jew. folklore, brought all his theoretical problems to bear on it  
long metaphysical discussion on greatness of collective creativity
- 37) Anokay: a "Communist" from early on; believes in superiority of collective over indiv. creativity

## 42-45 Few-Gentile relations

Zhitkovsky's What If scenario would est Austria as founder of new social scene  
(reported refs to his book Narod i Tsar (48, 20))

79-80 ends w/critique of Audley's conservatism - his defense of the hoder would compromise his own "truths" for the sake of the folks

50

### Lunsky or Ansky

Prophetic (21); even Szabad uses the term when describing Ansky's intervention for Jwr. wrestlers (14)

Constantly telling story of his life (22) - praised Shlomo's last will but instead reading from his works, would ask that his biography be read instead  
Deep regret over (1) yrs cut off from his people and (2) childlessness

Religiosity: kept father's yartzeit; asked Lunsky to continue observing it  
Sent for his long sifrei Torah from Otwock; left it behind

Had to play the role of an orthodox Jew during expedition to gain peoples' trust

As reader of Dybbuk (23)

Embarrassed by his rich quarters on Pohulanka when so many people were going hungry

Tried to effect marriage between Zionism / SR (same dream he had in Moscow; cf Chernov)

Has open opposition to the Bolsheviks even during their occupation of Vilna; spoke against Zerubavel

Spoke out for Balfour's Declaration

① In Solitary confinement (1909)

- a) state of psych. torpor
- b) the ringing sound : from freedom → chains next door
- c) the 2 guards : 2nd one identifies his neighbor as infamous murderer
- d) lengthy 3 way discussion on cold-blooded murder. Lampighter full of sentimental notions of guilt. Murderer himself quite matter-of-fact. Just catch them off guard. Prison guard confirms latter's point based on his war-time experience. Even a murderer must keep his word! His whole heart & soul is invested therein!

② Gapon (1920)

- a) news reaches the emigres about bloody January. Who is this man, Gapon?
- b) Ghent - Gapon in hiding - Boris Savinkov & Azov leading terrorist branch of. S.R.s. Contrast between Gapon's outward appearance ↔ heroism
- c) meets Gapon playing w/toy rifle : I must learn how to shoot
- d) Gapon is hated for ideology → man of deeds
- e) Huge conf. of rev. groups. Asks Ansky to convene it. Immediate split. All the Soc. Dem., the Bolsheviks & the Raud leave. Remaining S.R.s discuss

and rights of Armenians & border people. Gapon defends Russian sovereignty. Joins the S.R. party outright but is excluded from its Central Com.

f) Gapon wants Ansky to ghost write his memoirs — trying to cash in on his legendary status. Leaves for London on a £10k contract May-end July. Debase on Jew. ques. at 1st Conf — P.P.S. delegate — 2 Jews — denies that Jews are a nation but Gapon defends their right. After Zhitenir program, Jew. Territorialist leader suggests that Gapon author an anti-Popov brochure. Gapon enthusiastic. His 2-faced attitude to Jews in rev. movement (42-43)

g) Ansky's stay in London — quotes from Gapon's sermon-like appeal — 70,000 copies printed in Ghent. Only the Bolsheviks refuse to distribute it

h) Gapon's falling out w/ all the parties + esp the intellectuals. Ansky leaves Oct between mid-Aug ↔ 18 Oct. Returns to find out about pol. amnesty. Euphoria. Walks Ansky up at midnight. I'll go either w/ God or w/ Devil!

הנ"ל נספח ב' מילוי החלטת מילוי גורם גזע



Jew. Socialism & the Jew. Labor Movement in the 19th Cent 111 - 117 , 118-120 Juss 350

- (1)g Russian Orthodox could champion NT along w/ Russian personality ↔ Jew. rev. severed all ties w/ Orthodoxy, even of doing rev. work among fellow Jews

- 120 2nd gen. drawn from ultra-orthodox circles as well as yeshivas

A. Sh. Liberman believed in biblical roots of socialism

- 121 Most, however, were avid atheists cf Morris Winchelsky ju11 rChkrs 9:155  
"proving that Moses didn't author the Torah & that Joshua didn't stop the sun/moon"  
(cf last FT in Weisreich where town heretic makes identical claim)

- 123 assimilated students had no relationship to  $\beta/\alpha$

- 124 Winchowsky's parodies to promote socialism 8, (1878) 7 New York  
source of *Zhizn' g. NTSO* ✓

140 - 139 סטטוס 10-11/11 14,03 ג.ה ←

70/N 1897 - 1898 1/12 8.3" 2k G.F. YPCO 1/12.360 '9

- 129 Anstey's 1922 (?) contains anti-nescionic [= Zionist] stanza  
(1928 vess-v.v.) M1182 vess jcv.c. 1c

134 makes interesting distinction between indiv / Mass movement

inconceivable that masses of Jews raised in tradition would uproot all vestiges at once.  
anthropology of Jew. socialist movement would reveal these hidden continuities

135 Lysaght made this connection explicit

136 envelope 27/28 '17 for its "Jew." symbolism (1893/4); herzen & erik  
instituted from 1/1893 (replaced an earlier version from 1895/6)

(38 ff Nathan Stryk - championed the prophets / exorcized the rabbis

W

1st meeting in Berne, 1899 (53-63)

- Ansky starts wrestling w/ him! Loses both rounds; venges himself 2 weeks later by smearing Chernov's face w/<sup>cream cheese</sup>/sour cream while asleep!
- apparently, he had a reputation as a prankster
- the internal contradictions of Ansky's person;
- Socialist Agrarian League: Ansky comes immediately from Paris to enlist support
- bitterly disappointed in Vasilii Vorontsov, but Larvor comes thru
- S.D. as orthodox Marxists, disparaged the peasants; Ansky hoped that the old dream of mobilizing them might still come true.
- acts as go-between w/Zhitkovsky "Union"
- Larvor's sudden death 6 Feb 1900

64 told Chernov about his students' "commune" & then reported similar stories about Lev Hartman & Nekrasov - they all lived like Chernichewsky's hero Ratchmetov impresses Chernov w/extrordinary self-sacrifice w/overying of rev. legend (64-65)

a) what Hartman himself had told him

b) what Panzhev wrote about Nekrasov in his Memoirs

66 chose salt-and-coal-miners because that hadn't been tried before!

coal miners accepted him as another outsider - so low on the totem pole that all

- were equal. Known as Semjon Alekseyevich; grew to respect the miners.
- Chernov questioned his motives. Ansky replied that the work did break his health; teeth fell out from scurvy - skorbut.
  - Ansky invited eg of Hartman & Pavel Akselrod & Lev Dritsch = they were real extremists.

"discovered" by Grigori Ilitch Schreider, then ed. of Uspensky in Ekaterinodar; pub. correspondence about life of miners

- insisted that he go apprentice under Uspensky in Petersburg; Ansky in turmoil - very melodramatic story of Uspensky finding him in wee hrs of the morning walking the streets; didn't realize that he was a Jew w/out right-of-residence
- Uspensky invented his pen-name: took initials S.A. from the correspondence, added AN- SKI. (completely diff version!)
- Uspensky urged him to leave Jewish & Russian provincialism behind
- fixed him up w/ Larissa

73-79 = his sex life: women flocked to him, but relations were prob platonic  
one day scandalized his friends by marrying his "mariage" to Tinet, 1/2 French-  
woman, 1/2 Russian → terrible strife between them

- married her in the rebound
- wrote in writer's cafe clauserie de Liliis (77)
- finally married someone much younger than himself after leaving St. Petersburg

103

aalt, ?o-o , 12 (16), 1901, III, 21, 23 , 3166 017 (1)

[۲۰]

2) ב-1905 נסוד, בפ' פראנץ לאו גל, באנטרכטיקה, אן פון צ'רניאן, 3(63) 1904

[2, 8]

[ת'ג, ט'ג, ט'ג, ט'ג, ט'ג, ט'ג] ; 2 (161), 1905 ט'ג ט'ג ט'ג, ט'ג, ט'ג, ט'ג (5)

[216, 8127 inf spud, ababecda] 2 (194) 1905 ~~2125~~ 223: (1513.4 61102) 2xx (6 \*

[**198**, 201, add.] **198** וְאֵת שָׁמֶן ; (לִבְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל) וְאֵת יְהוָה (ז

[*prādak, abal, vīb*] । १०८ इसके बाद पर्याप्त विवरण नहीं हैं। इसका अधिक विवरण उपर्युक्त लेख में दिया गया है।

; 2-1 ⑧5; 2 ⑧7; 3-2 ⑧3) 1906 (בְּיַמֵּי 1906) יָמִין מִן הַמִּזְבֵּחַ, (בְּיַמֵּי 1906), בְּיַמֵּי 1906 (9)

; 1 ⑫6; 1 ⑫5; 1 ⑫4) 1906 (בְּיַמֵּי 1906) יָמִין מִן הַמִּזְבֵּחַ (10)

[בְּיַמֵּי 1906, בְּיַמֵּי 1906] 2 ⑫0) 1906 (בְּיַמֵּי 1906) יָמִין מִן הַמִּזְבֵּחַ (11)

; 3-2 ② 1907 (בְּיַמֵּי 1907); 3 ⑪0) 1907 (בְּיַמֵּי 1907) יָמִין מִן הַמִּזְבֵּחַ (12)  
; 3-2 ⑨3; 3-2 ⑨4; 3-2 ⑥8; 2 ⑤9; 2 ⑤8; 3-2 ④9; 3-2 ④6; 3-2 ②0; 4-3 ⑭; 2 ⑨; 3-2 ⑧  
; 2 ⑪9; 2 ⑪5; 3-2 ⑪2; 3-2 ⑩1

[בְּיַמֵּי 1907 - "הַיּוֹם"] ; 3 ⑨2) 1907 (בְּיַמֵּי 1907) יָמִין מִן הַמִּזְבֵּחַ; בְּיַמֵּי 1907 (13)

4-3 ⑩2) 1907 (בְּיַמֵּי 1907); "הַיּוֹם" בְּיַמֵּי 1907, [בְּיַמֵּי 1907, בְּיַמֵּי 1907] (14)

(e, יפו-ילכ) .e, יפוילכ

4-3 ⑫ 1907 אגרינן ור; (Agrin 'n v'rev n'g'v'n n'g'v'n) ? נס, לילך, פה גאנטן II (15  
[109 אונ פְּרִישָׁאagrin fer lilech] גאנטן פְּרִישָׁא)

3-2 ⑯ 1908 אברהם ור; (אברהם ור נס-אברהם ור) נס-אברהם ור (16)

(אברהם ור) אברהם ור [אברהם, abrah, abrah] 2 ⑬ 1906 אברהם ור ! נס-אברהם ור (17)

.2 נס ⑭, 1909 אברהם ור; (אברהם ור-אברהם ור) נס-אברהם ור (18)

.4 ⑮, 1910 אברהם ור; (אברהם ור) נס-אברהם ור (19)

3-2 ⑯ 1912 אברהם ור; (אברהם ור, אברהם ור); נס-אברהם ור (20)

4 ⑯ 1912 אברהם ור; (אברהם ור, אברהם ור) נס-אברהם ור (21)

; 2 ⑯; 2 ⑯ 1914 אברהם ור; נס-אברהם ור (22)

11c סְפִינְדָּרְקָה : 0813 [טַבְּנָה] [סְפִינְדָּרְקָה] סְפִינְדָּרְקָה 13. סְפִינְדָּרְקָה נֶגֶב 10] סְפִינְדָּרְקָה נֶגֶב (23  
[14-13 נֶגֶב] סְפִינְדָּרְקָה נֶגֶב 15 11-12 נֶגֶב 113 ; 2 נֶגֶב גְּדוֹלָה אֲמֵתָה  
. 22-5 נֶגֶב ; [טַבְּנָה-גְּדוֹלָה] (9)-(8), 1905 - | נֶגֶב 0103

[718] 106-99 נֶגֶב [טַבְּנָה-גְּדוֹלָה] (9)-(8) ; 1905 | נֶגֶב 0103 ; [טַבְּנָה-גְּדוֹלָה] ; 13. נֶגֶב נֶגֶב (24)  
I, II, III, IV - מִתְבְּגָרָם No rhyme pattern.

46-25' N 6 (1), 1912 טַבְּנָה (טַבְּנָה) , (טַבְּנָה) נֶגֶב 10) נֶגֶב (25)

. 20-13 'N 8 (2), 1912 טַבְּנָה (טַבְּנָה) ; נֶגֶב (26)

[719] . נֶגֶב, aaabcccb 6-5 'N 8 (1), 1911 טַבְּנָה ; 2. 1-5 - טַבְּנָה (27)

31. 170110

(1) "הנֶּגֶד רְבָט", ספַּר הַסְּמִינָה וְהַמִּזְמָרָה, ירושלים, תשמ"ה, 1988.

2 (100) AM first aid is critical to a job, if any, of first aid.

39 1914 נולדה: מילא 863 יפו-יה גן-הבר. נולדה ב-15, פברואר (6)

(ז) כראמי, ז. כראמי, יאנינה פון ק"ה  
סודוקי;  
. 30-28, נס ציונה 1910, נס ציונה 25 מ"ג)